

## Exercises for Mathematical Logic (26 Oct 2022)

**11.** (If you are familiar with topology.) Give a direct proof of the propositional compactness theorem, not using the completeness theorem.

[Hint: Consider the product topology on the set  $\{0, 1\}^A$  of all assignments.]

**12.** Prove that if a term  $t(x_0, \dots, x_{n-1})$  is free for  $y$  in a formula  $\varphi(x_0, \dots, x_{n-1}, y)$ , then for all terms  $s_0, \dots, s_{n-1}$ , the formula  $(\varphi(t/y))(s_0/x_0, \dots, s_{n-1}/x_{n-1})$  is syntactically identical to the formula  $\varphi(s_0/x_0, \dots, s_{n-1}/x_{n-1}, t(s_0/x_0, \dots, s_{n-1}/x_{n-1})/y)$ .

**13.** A set of propositional or first-order sentences  $S$  is *independent* if  $S$  is not equivalent to  $S'$  for any proper subset  $S' \subsetneq S$ .

(i)  $S$  is independent iff  $S \setminus \{\varphi\} \not\models \varphi$  for all  $\varphi \in S$ .

(ii) Show that every countable theory  $T$  has an independent axiomatization, i.e., an independent set of sentences  $S$  equivalent to  $T$ . [Hint: Try to generalize the fact that  $\{\varphi, \psi\} \equiv \{\varphi, \psi \vee \neg\varphi\}$ .]

(Uncountable theories have independent axiomatizations as well by a theorem of I. Reznikoff, but this is more difficult to prove.)

**14.** Consider a modification of the first-order proof system given in the lecture such that the axioms of equality are replaced with the axiom  $x = x$  and the axiom schema  $t = s \wedge \varphi(t/s) \rightarrow \varphi(s/x)$  for all formulas  $\varphi$  and terms  $t, s$  free for  $x$  in  $\varphi$ . Show that this is equivalent to the original proof system.